

By Authority



Public School Examinations.

The annual examinations of the Public Day Schools in the district of Honolulu, will be held this year as follows:

SCHOOLS IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

On Monday, July 15th, at Manoa, Waialae, and Kalia Schools.

On Tuesday, July 16th, at Kaimukihia, Marquessville, and Moanalua Schools.

On Wednesday, July 17th, at the Puhakina Girls' School and the Beretania Street Select School.

On Thursday, July 18th, at the Kahehuna (Royal School) and the Kaliahwaena School.

On Friday, July 19th, at the Fort Street School and the Kaulauea Schools.

SCHOOLS IN THE HAWAIIAN LANGUAGE.

On Monday, July 15th, at the Government School House at Kawaiahae, the Common Schools of Kaunakapili, Kawaiahae, Pauoa and Roma W.

And at Ewa, Wailanae and Koolaukoko, Island of Oahu, as follows:

On Monday, July 15th, at Wailanae, Ewa.

On Tuesday, July 16th, at Pokai, Wailanae.

On Wednesday, July 17th, at Kaneohe, Koolaukoko.

On Thursday, July 18th, at Waihole, Koolaukoko.

On Friday, July 19th, at Hakipuu, Koolaukoko.

The exercises, which are free to all, will begin at 9 o'clock A. M. on each of the days named, and the summer vacation will extend to Monday, the 7th of September next, on which date a new term will begin.

W. JAS. SMITH,

School Agent.

Office of the Board of Education.

June 12th, 1891.

2785 1379-31

Notice to Public Schools.

The regular annual examinations and reviews of classes in the Public Day Schools throughout the Kingdom, will be held this year, during the week that will end on FRIDAY, the 14th of July next; and the summer vacation of all Public Schools, will extend from that date to MONDAY, the 7th of September next, on which date a new term will begin.

No Public School conventions will be held this year.

By order of the Board of Education.

W. JAS. SMITH,

Secretary.

Education Office, June 8, 1891.

2785 1378-31

Teachers' Examination.

Any person desirous of employment under the Board of Education can be examined by the Inspector-General on application to him when on tour. Examinations will be held in Honolulu, July 13th and 14th.

ALATAU T. ATKINSON,
Inspector-General of Schools.
Office of the Board of Education,
Honolulu, June 9, 1891.
2787 1379-31

Hawaiian Gazette

EST. 1838 IN REBUS.

10-PAGE EDITION.

TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1891.

ERRATUM.—In the first line of the third paragraph of article on Diocesan Magazine for "apprehension" read "misapprehension."

We congratulate the English-speaking community on the announcement made last week by the management of our half-and-half contemporary, under the heading "Our Exist" (sic), that the page in the English language will be henceforth discontinued. We sincerely hope that our Hawaiian-speaking friends may soon be honored by the discontinuance of the rest of the paper, which has been no credit to the publisher, to them or their country.

The efforts which are being made by Pres. Hosmer and others to observe the jubilee of Oahu College on Thursday and Friday of this week, in a manner worthy of the occasion, are sure to be crowned with success. Advice received from former teachers, pupils and graduates of the institution indicate a large attendance, and from many who cannot attend, epistolary salutations have been received, full of hearty cheer and good wishes for their Alma Mater. General Saml' C. Armstrong, Principal of Hampton Institute, Mrs. Mills, of Mills College, and many others will probably arrive today in the Australia to take part in the exercises. The list of scholars and teachers who have been connected with the institution, number nearly one thousand, scattered in many countries, some of them occupying high positions and trusts. The words and messages that will be heard and read on this occasion cannot fail to awaken renewed interest in Punahou, which has representatives in almost every state and large city of America and Europe, and on many islands of this ocean.

To those who need a pleasant Tonic for any kind of debility, we can recommend Clements' as the best. For sale by HOLLISTER & Co.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Sir John McDonald, the distinguished Canadian statesman, passed away peacefully at 10:15 P. M. on Saturday the 6th inst. Flags are flying (Ottawa, June 8th) from public buildings and from many private houses. The remains were privately removed from the late premier's dwelling to the Parliament house, where they lay in state on the 10th and 11th, when they will be conveyed to Kingston for interment. It is not known who will be called upon to fill the vacant post.

The full text of the bill, introduced into the House of Commons by Mr. W. H. Smith, First Lord of the Treasury, is given. It forbids any person belonging to any British ship to kill, take, hunt or attempt to kill, take or hunt seals in the waters of Behring Sea, gives power to "Any regularly commissioned officer of Her Majesty's naval forces to stop and examine any British vessel in Behring Sea during the period of interdiction. Contravention of the act is made a misdemeanor punishable by forfeiture of the ship and everything found on board, with fine or imprisonment without hard labor, and defines the term Behring Sea." The bill has passed its third reading.

The great "baocarat" or card-cheating case was given to the jury by the Lord Chief Justice on the 9th. The jury after an absence from court of only fifteen minutes returned a verdict for the defendants, who were sued by Sir William Gordon-Cumming for defamation in accusing him of cheating at cards. The Prince of Wales, who was a witness, was not present at the last day of the trial.

The World's Fair directors at Chicago took action on June 12th on two of the most talked of nominations made by Director-General Davis. The vote on the confirmation of Melville E. Stone of Chicago as Chief of the Department of Foreign Affairs, resulted in a tie, and Mr. Stone subsequently withdrew his name. The committee appointed to investigate accusations against Walter S. Maxwell, nominated for Chief of the Bureau of Horticulture, reported that there was absolutely no proof to sustain the charges made against his character, but Mr. Maxwell was defeated by 25 votes to 8. General N. P. Chipman of California was at once confirmed by the directory. The appointment, however, has to be approved by the Board of Control.

The Itata reached Tocapella, a small port about 120 miles south of Iquique, and surrendered herself with her lading to the American naval authorities at Iquique. It is supposed that her commander acted on instructions received from the revolutionary authorities. A tremendous fight has taken place in the harbor of Valparaiso. The revolutionary corvette Magallanes entered the harbor unsuspected, and at once attacked the torpedo boat Aldea, killing or wounding half her crew and completely riddling the vessel. The Magallanes next attacked the Almirante Lynch, which was badly damaged, lost her funnels and a boat with ten men who were trying to blow up the Magallanes with a torpedo. The Condell next came on, but the Magallanes managed to place herself across the stern of the Condell and poured in a broadside that nearly demolished her, dismounting every gun, killed fourteen and wounded six of her crew. The Magallanes now started at full speed to get away out of the harbor, but the land forts opened on her, she was only struck once by a shell which tore a great hole in her deck, dismounted a pivot gun and killed four men. On the Balmain side the Condell had to run on the beach to prevent her sinking. The Aldea is pronounced to be so badly damaged that it will take a long time to repair her, and the Lynch is "severely handled," a large hole in her side and funnel shot away. Altogether, over a hundred men were killed, fully one-half of whom were on board the Magallanes, which ran up the coast to Caldera.

The outlook for the crops in Texas, the winter wheat throughout Pennsylvania, the fruit districts generally, is reported as exceptionally promising.

The Revenue and Customs authorities in San Francisco made a raid on Chinatown, and seized over \$12,000 worth of opium one night.

JAPAN NEWS.

We are indebted to Captain Young of the steamship Yamashiro, and to Messrs. Irwin & Co., agents of the vessel, for files of late Japan papers.

The most interesting topic in these Japanese papers is the trial of the man Tsuda Sanzo who attempted the life of Czarevitch.

The whole story of the assault undergoes considerable modification by close investigation. The story about leaving or visiting a temple, and wanton or careless breach of etiquette, does not now appear at all. The party was leaving the Prefectural buildings in Otsu. At the head of the procession of "jenrikishas" was the Governor of the Province, followed by the Chief of Police, then two police inspectors, and the Czarevitch in a jinrikisha, after him came Prince George and the general staff.

The assailant was one of the police stationed by the roadside, he struck twice, and that the blows were not fatal was probably owing to the fact that the man was armed with a common police cutlass and not with a Japanese sword. On be-

ing struck the Czarevitch jumped out of his vehicle and ran forward towards the head of the procession followed by his assailant, who was, however, immediately grappled with by one of the jinrikisha-coolies and disarmed by another. The story of the interposition of Prince George and his stick is pronounced to be a fabrication. The Governor, who was looking back from the head of the procession, saw the wounded man running towards him with his hand to his head and blood running down his face, and led him into a neighboring shop, where the wound, which the Prince made light of, was attended to.

The trial was begun on the 27th and the proceedings were with closed doors, for reasons which seem to meet with the general approval of the press, foreign and vernacular. The judges of the local court were of opinion that the matter was beyond their jurisdiction, as it was supposed that the crime would be held as same as a similar assault on a member of the Japanese Royal Family. It was found, however, that this would be wholly illegal, and "a capital sentence would have been possible only under a most violent perversion of the obvious meaning of the law." However, the Chief Judge and six puisne judges of the Supreme Court were sent down to Otsu, and their finding (much abbreviated) is as follows: That Tsuda Sanzo while serving on the police force, having conceived the false impression that the visit of the Russian prince to Japan had some exceptional object, and becoming dissatisfied, formed the project and sought an opportunity of assassinating the Prince, and fearing lest he might have no other opportunity, drew his sword and struck two blows at the head of the Prince. The Court finds these facts proved by confession of the prisoner and by evidence, and that the prisoner has been guilty of an unsuccessful attempt to commit willful murder, and sentences him to imprisonment for life with hard labor.

The foreign press speaks very highly of the "proper and dignified course of the Japanese Government and Judiciary."

To show his gratitude to the two jinrikisha coolies who seized and disarmed the would-be assassin the Imperial Crown Prince of Russia sent for them on board his ship, made them a present of 2,500 yen each himself, and 500 yen a piece annually for the remainder of each life, from the Emperor his father, and conferred upon each a Russian decoration.

Moreover the Prince spoke kindly to them, giving them good advice as to the disposal of their newly acquired riches.

Four of the Cabinet Ministers resigned and were replaced on the 31st, and there is great difference of opinion as to whether or no the "Otsu disaster" was an occasion of the change. The majority leans to the belief that it was not.

Mr. J. F. Bingham, late Chief Engineer of the U. S. S. Alliance, died at the U. S. Consulate at Nagasaki on the 4th of May from an attack of pneumonia. The Alliance put into Nagasaki on account of Mr. Bingham's illness. Deceased was interred in the new cemetery at Urakami, and the Alliance proceeded on her way to Yokohama.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements made, or opinions expressed by our correspondents.

For the Ladies.

Mr. Editor: A desire has been expressed to open a class for ladies in the evening. In order to learn how many would feel disposed to join these classes, and to decide what subjects should be studied, a meeting will be held on Tuesday evening next, June 23d, at 7:30 P. M., at the Y. M. C. A., whose parlors are kindly placed at our disposal for that evening. All those interested are invited to attend, and if there be any ladies desirous of joining the classes but unable to be present next Tuesday evening, they are requested to send in their names on that occasion.

Your obedient servant,

F. M. ENGLISH.

Honolulu, June 18, 1891.

Inspection of Meats.

Mr. Editor: Will you kindly inform the public through your columns whether there is in this country any provision for the inspection of cattle killed for market, or of beef and pork offered for sale in the meat markets, and if so, what does it amount to and how does it work? By supplying reliable and complete information on this point, you will interest a large circle of readers, and particularly oblige

THIS ONE.

REMARKS.

[We are not aware of any law providing for the appointment of an inspector of beef offered for sale in the butcher shops, though we have known of instances in years back where tainted beef was delivered to customers. At present, all or nearly all the beef sold in the city is slaughtered by one firm, the Metropolitan Meat Co., and the high standing of the members of this firm is a sufficient guaranty of the good quality of the beef offered in Honolulu. Hogs, we understand, are slaughtered by various parties, mostly Chinese. In the event of any foul beef, mutton or pork being offered for sale, the proper way is to report it to the Board of Health, whose province it is to take cognizance of the matter.

There is an inspector of animals, appointed by the Government, whose duty it is to inspect all imported horses, cattle and swine, and in case diseased animals are found, afloat or ashore, he is authorized to take possession of them. The inspector is Dr. W. Monsarrat, whose office is in Fort street.—EDITOR.]

FROM THE MARSHALL ISLANDS.

By the Missionary packet Morning Star, we learn that the U. S. Consul-General H. W. Severance is in receipt of letters from Captain Henry F. Worth, of the schooner Robert W. Logan, and Mr. Alfred Snelling, missionary at Ruk, in which acknowledgment is gratefully made of the receipt of money and gifts, sent by the U. S. Government to the natives chiefs at Enderby and Ollap Islands, and to Mr. Snelling and Captain Worth, by the Robert W. Logan, in recognition of their humane services extended to the wrecked officers and crew of the American ship Tewksbury L. Sweat, lost on Susannah Reef April 9, 1889. We have been permitted to make a few extracts from Captain Worth's letter. He says:

"We left Honolulu October 30, 1890, with fine weather, which lasted us till we arrived at the Marshall Islands, when we rode out a heavy gale at Jaluit. From there we had a fine run of eight days to Kusaie, when the missionary brethren were very glad to see us. The mission at Ponape having been broken up by the Spanish authorities, and the members carried to Kusaie by the U. S. ship Alliance. There were rumors that no vessel would be allowed to visit Ruk, but I sailed boldly into Ponape and called on the Spanish Governor, who was very polite, asking me a great many questions regarding the object of my visit, etc., but finally telling me to go. On board of a Spanish bark at Ponape were nine natives of Polonai, who had drifted some 500 miles east in a voyage toward Ruk. These natives knew me at once, and I obtained permission from the Spanish Governor to take them on my schooner, to return them to their homes. I left them at Ruk, and after visiting the Mortlocks on my return, I took the men, and the boxes of presents sent by you for the chiefs and people, and went to Polonai. The people, when they saw their lost friends which I had brought back safely, took me with boat and all up on the beach, with demonstrations of delight, and when I read your letter on behalf of the U. S. Government presenting the box of gifts, that made the climax. They were profuse in their promises to welcome all shipwrecked men, etc. They were very thankful, and gave me some coconuts and coils of rope for the King of America!"

After leaving Polonai I went to Ollap, and called on the chiefs who picked me up boat and all and would have carried me into a large house, but I stopped there.

"They were very grateful for the box of presents, and promised to do great things in return. I spoke to them of the liberality and generosity displayed by the United States Government towards them in sending practical and useful gifts as some return for their services to the wrecked seamen of the T. L. Sweat, as you had advised me to do. It will be a great help to our missionary work in future among this people to show that we care for them. The trading vessels here would not do anything for the natives without great pay."

"This missionary work here is slowly progressing, but is hindered by traders who sell arms and ammunition and oppose our labors."

"With my best wishes, etc."

"HENRY F. WORTH."

Mr. Alfred Snelling, the missionary at Ruk, Caroline Islands, also writes under date of February 26, 1891:

"I was completely surprised to receive the sum you sent me in behalf of the United States Government for assisting the wrecked seamen of the T. L. Sweat. I did not expect a reward for any such service for the 'crimes of oil' did not fail nor the barrel of flour waste." But I thank you for your interest, as I can use the money in my missionary work, and it seems almost providential to us.

"It is good to be a part of such a Government as the United States of America. The goods sent for people will doubtless contribute much to the safety and good tribute of future wrecked crews in these islands. Faithfully yours,

"ALFRED SNELLING."

Supreme Court—At Chambers.

TUESDAY, JUNE 16.

BEFORE DOLE, J.

Guardianship of John P. and Annie Keone, minors. Ordered that the guardian's sale of land in Ewa, Oahu, to the Oahu Railway and Land Company be confirmed. Hatch for guardian.

In re estate Richard Meek. Probate of will. Partly heard, and continued till to-morrow, June 17th, at 11 A. M. Carter, for petitioner; Peterson and Huntsman, for contestants.

Guardianship of Keoho and Pilihi, minors. Ordered that the guardian's first annual account to June 3, 1891, be approved. Kane, guardian in person.

In re guardianship of Tui Po Ape, minor. The Court appoints Wong Kui You guardian, under \$100 bond. Peterson, for petitioner.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17.

BEFORE DOLE, J.

In re estate of Richard Meek. Probate of will. Heard and decision reserved. Carter for petitioner; Peterson and Huntsman for contestants.

THURSDAY, JUNE 18.

BEFORE DOLE, J.

In re estate of Richard Meek. The Court appoints C. L. Carter guardian ad litem to prosecute the interest of a minor devisee in this estate. Carter for petitioner.

FRIDAY, JUNE 19.

BEFORE DOLE, J.

In re bankruptcy J. H. Hare. Proof of claims. Eight creditors proved their claims, amounting to \$466.71, and T. J. King appointed assignee under \$400 bond.

Death of Judge Maioho.

Early on Tuesday morning, June 16th, Mr. A. W. Maioho, Police Justice of Koloa, Kauai, died at that place, aged about forty-five years. The news of his death was received by the James Makee on Friday. Mr. Maioho was in Honolulu three weeks ago, having been sent here as a delegate to the Evangelical Association from his district. He returned to Kauai on the 22d inst. by the Mikahala, suffering a slight attack of the grippe.

READ THE DAILY ADVERTISER if you want the latest news.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

[PER STEAMSHIP OCEANIC.]

Lieutenant Peary started on his expedition across the inland ice-fields of Greenland on 6th instant. His little ship Kite is a steam vessel of 190 net tonnage, commanded by Captain Pike, who took out Greeley in 1881. Mrs. Peary accompanies her husband on the trip.

Grover Cleveland, as referee, has decided a claim for \$1,000,000 made by members of the Astor family against the city of New York, in favor of the claimants.

At a late meeting of the Niagara Falls Tunnel Company, it was reported that the first section of the main canal will be 180 feet wide at its mouth, 1200 feet long, and will narrow down gradually to 100 feet wide.

Smuggling across the Canadian frontier has reached such proportions that a special agent of the United States Treasury Department has recommended a strong mounted patrol from Duluth to the Pacific Coast to prevent the unlawful introduction into this country of goods and immigrants.

Mail advices from Chile state that it has been announced by Government officials that the offers of the United States and France to act as mediators in the present struggle, have been accepted, and a conference between both parties and the mediators will shortly be held in Santiago.

The Itata arrived at Iquique June 4th. She had on board 5,000 rifles, 850 tons of coal and 500 tons of flour. She was surrendered to the American vessels. What became of the other 5,000 rifles said to have been on board is yet unknown.

The Hawaiian Cable.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—It has been definitely decided by the Navy Department to use the ship Thetis to survey the route for a cable to Hawaii. The soundings will be made from San Francisco to Honolulu. She will begin work July 1st, and the work will be completed in two or three months. After giving long attention to this matter, Lieutenant Commander Glover has devised a system by which soundings will be taken at intervals of one or two miles alternately, except when shoals are discovered, when soundings will be taken every quarter of a mile or even less, if necessary.

E. MAUI FEMALE SEMINARY.

The closing exercises of Mauna Olu Boarding School for Girls, whose corporate title is East Maui Female Seminary, were held at the school last Friday, at Makawao, Maui. There was the usual large attendance of Hawaiian pastors and parents and friends, and of others interested in the school: Hon. H. P. Baldwin, Hon. E. H. Bailey, Messrs. G. E. Beckwith, C. E. Dickey, Revs. L. H. Gulick, C. M. Hyde and lady visitors from Makawao, Haiku, Hamakua, Wailuku and Kohala.

The classes in the different departments recited under their various teachers—Miss Maggie Nape, Miss Styles, Miss Hammond and the Principal, Miss McLennan. All were prompt, orderly, accurate, showing the care taken by the teachers as well as the personal interest felt by the scholars themselves. The general exercises, readings, compositions, choruses and solo songs, were all admirably done. Miss Stiles' instructions in vocal and instrumental music have raised the standard of both ability and execution in the musical performances of the scholars. Mrs. Locke's sewing classes disposed of various articles, products of their skill and taste, at very satisfactory prices; while the table of cakes and cookies was quickly cleared by the hungry visitors.

The absence of the former Principal, Miss Carpenter, now retired from the work with which she will be forever identified in the history of Hawaiian female education, was a matter of regret to many of the present and former pupils. The new teachers are doing their best to maintain the high reputation the school has acquired under Miss Carpenter's management. The general verdict of all the visitors, friends and trustees was that the school is well managed, both educationally and financially. One hundred and ten different names appear in the year's register, ninety-six now in attendance. The ordinary expenses of the school are about \$6,000. About \$500 have been paid out this year for the desks, beds and other such improvements. The Trustees have secured a long lease of the Cooper premises adjoining. Renewed efforts are to be made to secure water from some mountain spring or stream. Forty of the girls are all whose expenses are paid by parents or guardians. The others are supported by the generosity of friends, Hon. H. P. Baldwin heading the list with twenty-six.

Farewell Organ Recital.

At the urgent request of friends Prof. Bissell has arranged to give another organ recital before leaving the kingdom. The time set is Wednesday evening, at 8:15 o'clock, in order to avoid conflict with the Woman's Board meeting, which begins at 7 o'clock. Mr. Bissell will be assisted by a chorus of pupils from Oahu College and by other local talent. Tickets for sale at the Up Town Bookstore, Tuesday morning.

Kauai Items.

Purser W. Ross of the Mikahala reports very rough weather with heavy swell all along Kauai Coast. W. E. Rowell has finished repairing Waimea wharf, and has commenced operations on the new wharf at Makawale for the Hawaiian Sugar Co. Koloa Mill has finished grinding.

New Advertisements.

ROYAL HAWAIIAN

OPERA HOUSE

JUNE 27th, 1891.

"IOLANTHE;"

The Peer and the Peri.

One of Gilbert & Sullivan's Charming Operas will be produced by the

Honolulu Juvenile Opera Company

ERNESTINE GRAY - LESSEE & MANAGER
THOS. GRAY - STAGE MANAGER
H. BEISER - LEADER

CAST OF CHARACTERS:

The Lord Chancellor - Mast. Lionel Hart
Earl of Mount Ararat - Mast. Albert Harris
Earl Toller - Mast. George Clark
Private Willis (Grenadier Guards) - Mast. Jos. Cook
Page - Mast. Alec. May
Strephon (an Arcadian Shepherd) - Miss Jessie Neil
Queen of the Fairies - Miss May Weir
Iolanthe (a Fairy, Strephon's Mother) - Miss Adeline Bruns
Celia - Miss Maud Stevenson
Sita - Miss Kathleen King
Phyllis (an Arcadian Shepherdess and Ward in Chancery) - Miss Jessie Neil
Peers - Misses Walker, Peterson, Wright, Harris, Shepherd, Cook, Masters, Cook, Simpson, Peterson, Logan, Lyle, Reynolds, Nott.
Leaders of the Ballet - Misses Helen Smith, Annie Clark, Hattie Lemon.

Full Orchestral Accompaniment!
Gorgeous Costumes!
Grand Fairy Ballet!

Prices as Usual. Curtain at Eight.

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Through the Hawaiian Islands

Price in Honolulu, 60 Cents per Copy

The Guide will be mailed to any part of the islands for 64 Cents per Copy.

Or, to any foreign country for 75 Cents.

The Book has 176 pages of text, with

20 Full Page Illustrations of Island Scenery,

and a description of the Pearl Harbor Railway enterprise, and surrounding country.

It has also FOUR MAPS of the larger islands, prepared expressly for it.

The GUIDE gives a full description of each of the principal Islands and Settlements in this Group, and will prove an invaluable hand-book for tourists, and for residents to send to their friends abroad.

Some of the illustrations in the new book are very fine specimens of the Photolith process of engraving, and accurately represent the scenes portrayed.

For sale at Hawaiian News Company's, and at T. G. Thrum's Up-town Stationery store.

Published by the

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE PUBLISHING CO.

46 Merchant St.,

FOR LEASE!

THOSE VERY DESIRABLE premises situated on Punchbowl Hill, just back of residence of J. F. Hackfeld, Esq. The house is just finished, contains parlor, dining room, four bed rooms, kitchen, Pantry, store room, bath room, closets; also, fitted with stationary washstands. There are also stables and carriage house. The premises commands one of the finest views of the harbor and Diamond Head to be had on the hill. Apply to J. A. MAGOON, Adjoining Post Office.